

Mine action sector in Colombia and our work



UNMAS

IMPACT OF EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE *

EVENTS RECORDED

37,386



98,98%
Rural Zone



1,02%
Urban Zone

REGISTERED VICTIMS

12,074



11,394
Men

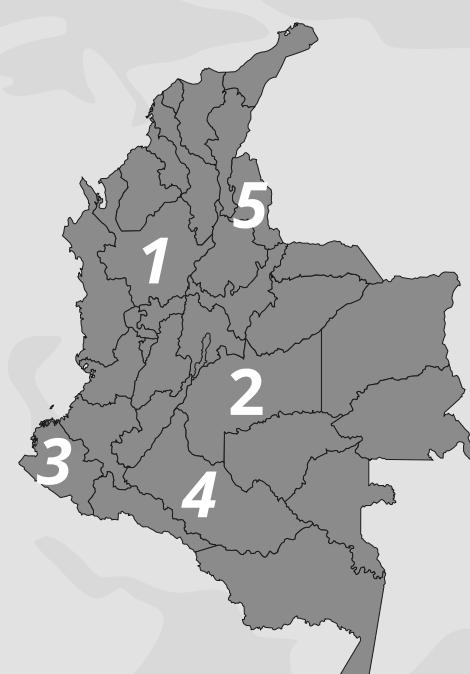


640
Women



40
Unidentified

MOST AFFECTED DEPARTMENTS



1 Antioquia

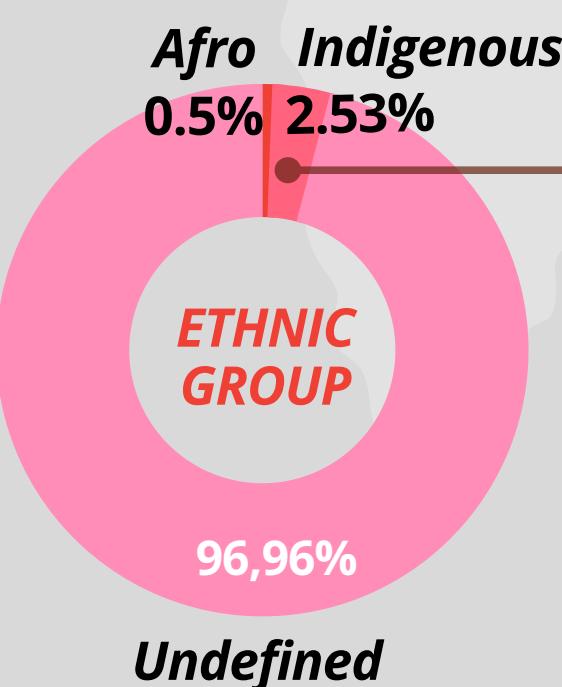
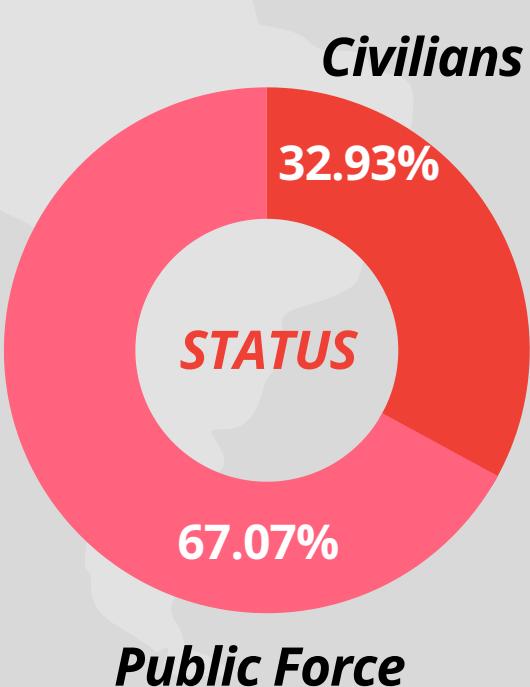
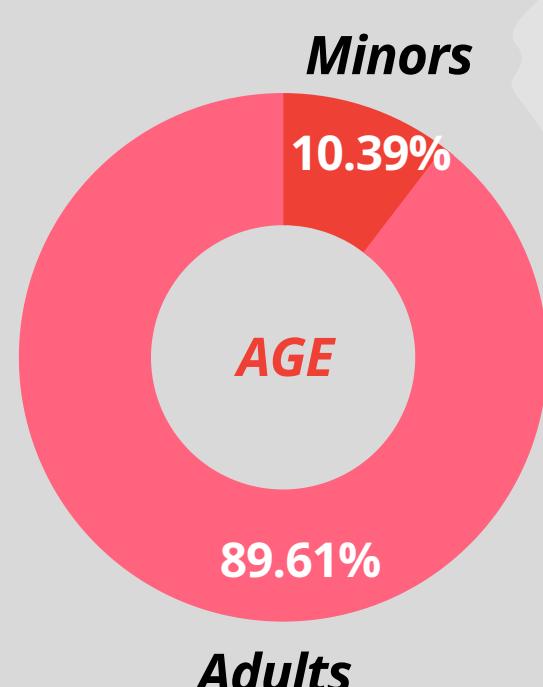
2 Meta

3 Nariño

4 Caquetá

5 Norte de Santander

CHARACTERISTICS OF REGISTERED VICTIMS



IMPACT ON INDIGENOUS PEOPLE VS. GENERAL POPULATION



Indigenous



General

% Children victims

36.2%

% Deaths

28.5%

10.3%

19.3%

*Source: Descontamina Colombia. From 1990 until July 31, 2021

SOME RESULTS OF THE WORK OF UNMAS COLOMBIA **



45 municipalities developed or updated referral pathways for victims with technical assistance from UNMAS.



75 members of mine action organizations trained in humanitarian demining tasks (NTS & TS), in coordination with the OACP.



30 forms with information on the location of explosive ordnance installed during the armed conflict provided by FARC ex-combatants, in compliance with the Peace Agreement.

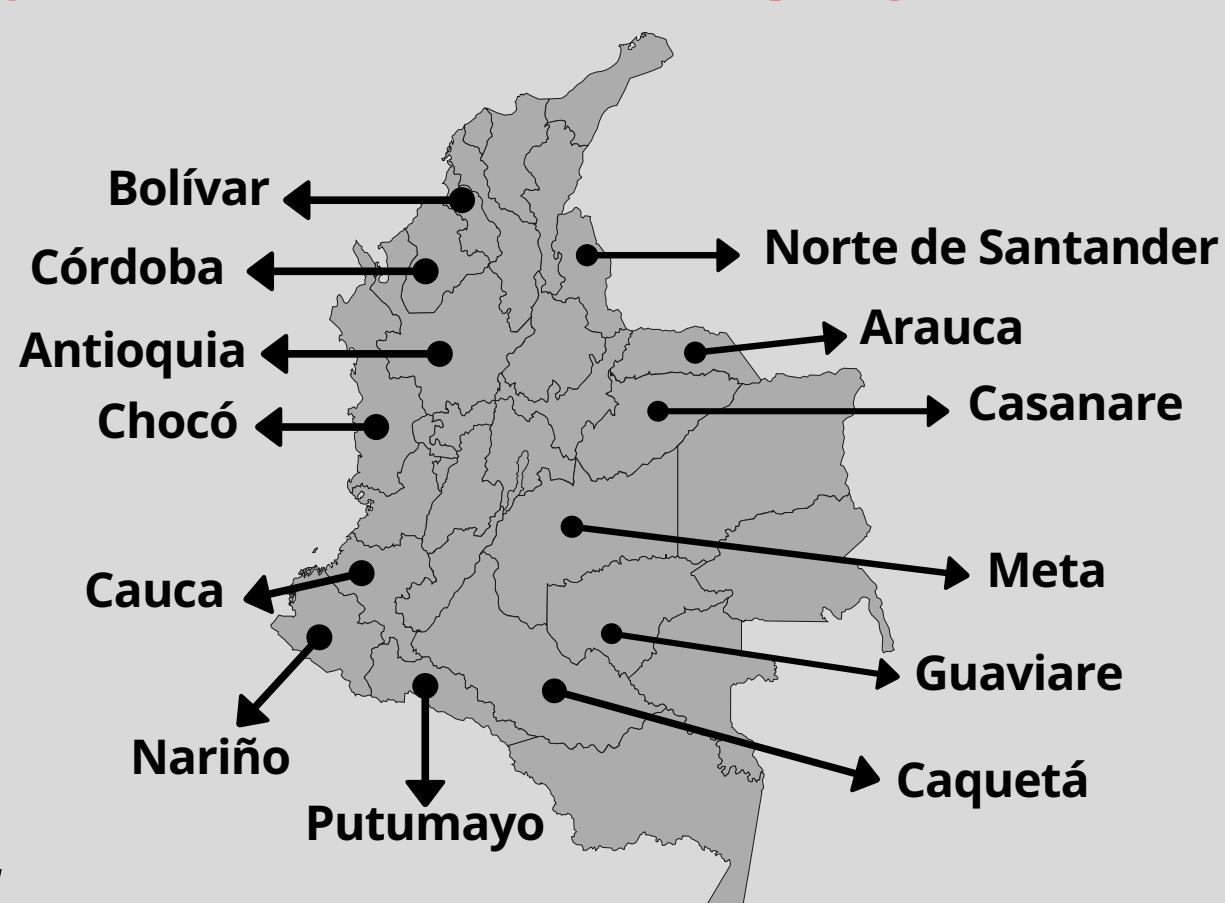


More than 19,000 m² cleared by humanitarian demining work and 4,420 beneficiaries of EORE workshops carried out by ex-combatants, belonging to HUMANICEMOS DH.

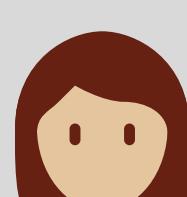


4,657 beneficiaries of 289 Explosive Ordnance Risk Education workshops in Arauca, Antioquia, Córdoba, Chocó, Nariño, Norte de Santander and Putumayo.

Departments covered with the activities of the UNMAS Colombia programme



Gender parity in the UNMAS Colombia team



57%



43%

** Source: UNMAS Colombia. Progress of the UNMAS-OACP work plan between 2020 and the first semester 2021